

Zelle 3e Chapter 11 Coding Assignment

General Instructions

My expectations for your work on coding assignment exercises will grow as we progress through the course. In addition to applying any new programming techniques that have been covered in the current chapter, I will be expecting you to follow all of the good programming practices that we have adopted in the preceding weeks. Here is a quick summary of good practices that we have covered so far:

- Include a Python Docstring that describes the intent of the program.
- Place your highest-level code in a function named *main*.
- Include a final line of code in the program that executes the *main* function.
- Follow all PEP-8 Python coding style guidelines enforced by the PyCharm Editor. For example, place two blank lines between the code making up a function and the code surrounding that function.
- Choose names for your variables that are properly descriptive.
- Define `CONSTANT_VALUES` and use them in place of *magic numbers*.
- Always use f-strings for string interpolation and number formatting.
- When processing items from Python lists and tuples, unpack the values into variables with meaningful variable names to avoid using indexed expressions in your code.
- Close all files before the conclusion of the program.
- Remember that your program should behave reasonably when it is not given any input. This might be the result of the user pressing enter at a console prompt. Or, it might be the result of the user providing an input file that is empty.
- Model your solution after the code that I demonstrate in the tutorial videos.
- Make sure that your test input/output matches the sample provided.
- Create a sub-directory named *data* within your PyCharm project to hold data files.
- Remember to submit all data files with your PyCharm project – including the files that were provided as starter files to this assignment.
- All functions that are not *main()* should have descriptive, action-oriented names.
- All functions should be of reasonable size.
- All functions should have high *cohesion*, and low *coupling*.
- Remember to test your program thoroughly before submitting your work.
- Your code must pass all relevant test cases. Make sure that it passes tests at the boundaries created by *if*, *else*, and *elif* conditions in your program (boundary value tests).
- Use of the *break* statement is allowed but not encouraged.
- Use of the *continue* statement is forbidden.

Exercise 1 (Regular)

Create a program named *distribute_race_ribbons_with_dictionary.py*. It should be modeled after the program that I demonstrated in the tutorial (*lookup_region_name_with_dictionary.py*). Your program should be different in the following respects:

1. Your program will prompt the user for the place number in which the runner finished and it will respond with the name of the ribbon to be awarded.

The following table indicates which ribbon the participant should receive based up the place number in which they finished.

Place	Ribbon
1	Blue
2	Red
3	Orange
4	Gold
5	Green
6	Purple
>6	White

If the user enters a place number that is less than 1, then the program should display an error message in place of a ribbon name.

When running a test where the user provides no input, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...):
```

```
Thanks for playing.
```

When running a test where the user provides bad integer input, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...): hi mom
An integer value was expected. You entered hi mom
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...): 7
Ribbon Awarded: White
```

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...):
```

```
Thanks for playing.
```

When running a test where a user provides an invalid place number, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...): 0  
Ribbon Awarded: ERROR - Place must be greater than zero.
```

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...):
```

```
Thanks for playing.
```

When running a test with more typical input, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...): 1  
Ribbon Awarded: Blue
```

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...): 2  
Ribbon Awarded: Red
```

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...): 3  
Ribbon Awarded: Orange
```

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...): 6  
Ribbon Awarded: Purple
```

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...): 7  
Ribbon Awarded: White
```

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...): 10  
Ribbon Awarded: White
```

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...): 22  
Ribbon Awarded: White
```

```
Please enter place finished (1, 2, 3...):
```

```
Thanks for playing.
```

Exercise 2 (Regular)

Create a program named *analyze_expense_records_2.py*. It should be modeled after the program that I demonstrated in the tutorial (*analyze_expense_records.py*). Your program should be different in the following respects:

1. It should target expense records with a year of 2021.
2. It should target expense records with a category of 'Utilities'.
3. In addition to providing the mean value, it should also provide the median value.

Mean and median values should be calculated using the Python statistics package:
<https://docs.python.org/3/library/statistics.html> .

The following starter files are provided for your use in this exercise:

- `empty_file.csv`
- `test_expense_2021.csv`
- `expense_records.csv`

When running a test with the empty input file, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

```
Please enter the input filename: empty_file.csv
```

```
SUMMARY OF UTILITIES EXPENSES FOR 2021
```

Month	Amount
1	0.00
2	0.00
3	0.00
4	0.00
5	0.00
6	0.00
7	0.00
8	0.00
9	0.00
10	0.00
11	0.00
12	0.00

```
The mean value was 0.00  
The median value was 0.00
```

```
1 lines were read from the input file.  
0 qualifying expense records were found.
```

When running a test with the test input file, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

```
Please enter the input filename: test_expense_2021.csv
```

```
SUMMARY OF UTILITIES EXPENSES FOR 2021
```

Month	Amount
1	333.33
2	333.33
3	333.33
4	333.33
5	333.33
6	333.33
7	333.33
8	333.33
9	333.33
10	333.33
11	333.33
12	333.33

```
The mean value was 333.33
```

```
The median value was 333.33
```

```
73 lines were read from the input file.
```

```
24 qualifying expense records were found.
```

When running a test where the production input file, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

```
Please enter the input filename: expense_records.csv
```

```
SUMMARY OF UTILITIES EXPENSES FOR 2021
```

Month	Amount
1	58,986.73
2	71,418.23
3	67,361.43
4	64,864.79
5	69,780.78
6	67,408.51
7	56,411.29
8	64,604.41
9	86,856.16
10	49,318.79
11	63,268.65
12	73,163.29

```
The mean value was 66,120.26
```

```
The median value was 66,113.11
```

```
20,001 lines were read from the input file.
```

```
755 qualifying expense records were found.
```

Exercise 3 (Regular)

Create a program named `create_population_density_reports.py`. It should modeled after the program that I demonstrated in the tutorial (`create_state_area_reports.py`). Your program should be different in the following respects:

1. It should create reports about population density.
2. It should use the provided Country class as the data holder class.
3. The data to be analyzed are in a file named `desity_data.txt`. Each line of the file contains three fields (separated by semicolons):
 - a. Country name
(When printing country names, note that they will not fit into a 15-character format. I suggest that you use a 20-character format string.)
 - b. Population
 - c. Area in square miles

The following starter files are provided for your use in this exercise:

- `empty_file.txt`
- `density_data.txt`
- `my_countries.py`
- `is430_unit_test_helpers.py`

When running a test with the empty input file, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

```
Please enter the input filename: empty_file.txt
```

```
BY COUNTRY NAME
```

```
Country                Population            Area  
                        (SQMI)              Density  
                        (/SQMI)
```

```
BY DESCENDING POPULATION DENSITY PER SQUARE MILE
```

```
Country                Population            Area  
                        (SQMI)              Density  
                        (/SQMI)
```

When running a test with the production input file, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

Please enter the input filename: density_data.txt

BY COUNTRY NAME

Country	Population	Area (SQMI)	Density (/SQMI)
Bangladesh	166,132,772	55,598	2,988
Belgium	11,454,906	11,787	972
Burundi	10,681,186	10,740	995
Dominican Republic	10,266,149	18,485	555
Germany	82,979,100	137,903	602
Haiti	11,112,945	10,450	1,063
India	1,344,098,517	1,269,211	1,059
Israel	8,997,000	8,522	1,056
Japan	126,320,000	145,925	866
Netherlands	17,301,708	16,033	1,079
Nigeria	195,875,237	356,669	549
North Korea	25,610,672	47,399	540
Pakistan	203,841,217	310,403	657
Philippines	107,275,680	115,831	926
Rwanda	12,001,136	10,169	1,180
South Korea	51,635,256	38,691	1,335
Sri Lanka	21,670,000	25,332	855
Taiwan	23,590,744	13,976	1,688
United Kingdom	66,040,229	93,788	704
Vietnam	94,660,000	127,882	740

BY DESCENDING POPULATION DENSITY PER SQUARE MILE

Country	Population	Area (SQMI)	Density (/SQMI)
Bangladesh	166,132,772	55,598	2,988
Taiwan	23,590,744	13,976	1,688
South Korea	51,635,256	38,691	1,335
Rwanda	12,001,136	10,169	1,180
Netherlands	17,301,708	16,033	1,079
Haiti	11,112,945	10,450	1,063
India	1,344,098,517	1,269,211	1,059
Israel	8,997,000	8,522	1,056
Burundi	10,681,186	10,740	995
Belgium	11,454,906	11,787	972
Philippines	107,275,680	115,831	926
Japan	126,320,000	145,925	866

Sri Lanka	21,670,000	25,332	855
Vietnam	94,660,000	127,882	740
United Kingdom	66,040,229	93,788	704
Pakistan	203,841,217	310,403	657
Germany	82,979,100	137,903	602
Dominican Republic	10,266,149	18,485	555
Nigeria	195,875,237	356,669	549
North Korea	25,610,672	47,399	540

Exercise 4 (Regular)

Create a program named *analyze_slot_machine_tries_ignoring_duplicates.py*. It should be modeled after the program that I demonstrated in the tutorial (*analyze_slot_machine_tries.py*). Your program should be different in the following respects:

1. It should ignore duplicate color values that occur on the same line of the input file. So, if the line holds the values: "Red Blue Red Red Blue", then the program should process this line as though it holds the values: "Red Blue".

Please refer to the tutorial for an approach to removing duplicate entries from Python lists.

The following starter files are provided for your use in this exercise:

- `empty_file.txt`
- `slot_values.txt`

When running a test with the empty input file, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

```
Please enter the input filename: empty_file.txt

COLOR      COUNT
```

When running a test with the production input file, you should expect the following input/output on your console:

```
Please enter the input filename: slot_values.txt

COLOR      COUNT
Blue       2,990
Green      2,983
Orange     3,024
Purple     3,015
Red        2,959
Yellow     3,011
```

Exercise 5 (Challenge)

Create a program named *create_population_density_reports_with_lambda.py*. This program should be modeled after your solution to Exercise 3 (*create_population_density_reports.py*). This program should be different in the following respects:

1. Instead of using conventional Python functions to specify the sort keys, this program should use Python lambdas.
See <https://realpython.com/python-lambda/>.

The testing for this program should be the same as the program in Exercise 3. Please refer to those instructions for expected output.

Tools

Use PyCharm to create and test all Python programs.

Submission Method

Follow the process that I demonstrated in the tutorial video on submitting your work.

This involves:

- Locating the properly named directory associated with your project in the file system.
- Compressing that directory into a single .ZIP file using a utility program.
- Submitting the properly named zip file to the submission activity for this assignment.

File and Directory Naming

Please name your Python program files as instructed in each exercise. Please use the following naming scheme for naming your PyCharm project:

surname_givenname_exercises_zelle_3e_chapter_11

If this were my own project, I would name my PyCharm project as follows:

trainor_kevin_exercises_zelle_3e_chapter_11

Use a zip utility to create one zip file that contain the PyCharm project directory. The zip file should be named according to the following scheme:

surname_givenname_exercises_zelle_3e_chapter_11.zip

If this were my own project, I would name the zip file as follows:

trainor_kevin_exercises_zelle_3e_chapter_11.zip

Due By

Please submit this assignment by the date and time shown in the Weekly Schedule.

Last Revised

2023-09-01